

Bio/CR-9 Glass-Fiber Reinforced Polymer, Engineered Composite Wall and Ceiling Panel System

Division 6

Section 06XXXX – GLASS-FIBER REINFORCED POLYMER WALL AND CEILING PANELS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Include all appropriate Detail Drawings, as well as General and Supplementary provisions of the contract that apply to this section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Prefinished engineered composite panels of glass-fiber reinforced polyester polymer face. The wall and ceiling panels are designed for interior use in bio-science labs, medical and pharmaceutical research facilities, pharmaceutical manufacturing, critical healthcare spaces, and environments where high containment is required.

B. Related Sections:

1. Gypsum or Cementitious (Section 09) wallboard when panels will be installed directly to wallboard substrate.
2. Stainless or aluminum (Section 10) “Wall and Door Protection” for wall panel rail protection, wall corner guards, and FRP/Stainless/Metal Doors and Frames

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM D2583 - Standard Test Method for Indentation Hardness of Rigid Plastics by Means of a Barcol Impressor.
- B. ASTM D695 - Standard Test Method for Compressive Properties of Rigid Plastics.
- C. ASTM D696 - Standard Test Method for Coefficient of Linear Thermal Expansion of Plastics
- D. ASTM D638 - Standard Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics

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- E. ASTM D790 - Standard Test Methods for Flexural Strength of Reinforced Plastics.
- F. ASTM D790 - Standard Test Methods for Flexural Modulus of Reinforced Plastics.
- G. ASTM E84 – Surface Buring Characteristics of Building Materials
- H. ASTM E96 – Standard Test Method for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials
- I. ASTM E2178 - Standard Test Method for Determining Air Leakage Rate and Calculation of Air Permeance of Building Materials

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data Sheets
- B. Shop Drawings: Submit elevation of each wall, or ceiling in manufacturer’s shop drawings. Include all detail drawings of wall-to-wall transitions, wall-to-ceiling transitions, wall-to-floor transitions, wall-to-door frames, wall-to-window frames, wall-to-pass-throughs. If panels will be used as a “hard-lid” ceiling, include all details of ceiling-to-light fixtures, ceiling-to-diffusers, ceilings-to-access doors/panels, and all ceiling soffits.

Drawings should show all methods of panel attachments, joint sealing and materials, sizes and locations of any and all panel penetrations or attachments.
- C. Samples: Submit manufacturer’s standard panel and joint sealant or trims.
 - 1. Wall and Ceiling Panel Samples should be 12” x 12’ (304.8mm x 304.8mm).
 - 2. Wall Base Transition to Cove should be 12” x 6” (304.8mm x 152.4mm).
 - 3. Manufacturer’s Safety Data Sheets (SDS), LEED Documents and Proof of Manufacturer’s Installer Certification, (If not directly installed by manufacturer.)

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1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer shall have a minimum of 5 years proven experience in the design, engineering, fabrication, and installation of composite glass-fiber reinforced polyester polymer panels as specified. Manufacturer, upon request, should be able to identify a minimum of 10 installed similar projects in bio-science labs, medical and pharmaceutical research facilities, and environments where high degrees of containment are required.
- B. Installers must either be the manufacturer's own installation group, or manufacturer certified installers.
 - 1. Installers are required to have a minimum of 3 years' experience in the construction of bio-science labs, medical and pharmaceutical research facilities, and environments where high degrees of containment are required.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials in manufacturer's original and unopened packaging. Materials should clearly show Product Name, Manufacturer's Name, and any Project Specific Designations.
- B. Store panels and accompanying materials in a covered area protected from the elements.
 - 1. Store panels flat to prevent any damage.
 - 2. Inspect all direct job-site deliveries to assure quantities are correct, there is no damage from shipping or handling,
 - 3. Handle all panels and materials to prevent job-site damage.
 - 4. Store panels at final installation location for at least 48 hours prior to installation. Room temperature for final installation should be between 60° and 75° F.
 - 5. Joint Compound and any Adhesives should be stored between 60° and 75° F.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Buildings are to be fully enclosed, with sufficient heat/air conditioning (60° and 75° F), ventilation consistent with safe working conditions, and relative humidity control between 35-60 percent.

1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturers standard warranty guarantees panels and products free of defects under normal use for a period Ten Years from date of Substantial Completion when installed by Manufacturer Certified Installers.

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PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis of Design: Life Science Products, Inc., 124 Speer Road, Chestertown. MD 21620.
800-638-9874 | Website: www.lspinc.com | Email: info@lspinc.com

2.2 PANELS

- A. Bio/CR-9 Engineered Composite Panels of Glass-Fiber Reinforced Polyester Polymer Face

1. Dimensions:

- a. Thickness – 1/8” (3mm) nominal. Width – 4’ (1.22m) nominal.
b. Length – 8’ (2.43m); 9’ (2.74m); 10’ (3.05m), 12’ (3.65m) nominal.
c. Weight – 1.0 lbs/sq.ft.

2. Tolerances:

- a. Length and Width: +/- 1/8” (3.175mm)
b. Square – Not to Exceed 1/8” for 8’ (2.43m) panels or 5/32” (3.96mm) for 9’ (2.74m) and 10’ (3.05m) panels.

- B, Properties: Resistant to Denting, Staining, Rot, Corrosion, Cracking or Splintering.

1. Flexural Strength – ASTM D790 – 13.3 x 10³ psi.
2. Flexural Modulus – ASTM D790 – 14.0 x 10⁵ psi
3. Barcol Hardness – ASTM D2583 – 50 Barcol
4. Tensile Strength – ASTM D638 – 6.3 x 10³ psi
5. Tensile Modulus – ASTM D638 – 7.7 x 10⁵ psi
6. Coefficient of Linear Expansion – ASTM D696 – 1.4 (E-05)
7. Taber Abrasion Resistance – (CS-17 Wheels, 1000g.wt., 25 cycles) 0.04%
8. Water Vapor Permeance – ASTM E96 - < 0.015 perms
9. Air Permeance – ASTM E2178 – 0.00001 L/(Pa x m² x s)

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C. Surface Characteristics:

1. Surface Finish – Smooth Matte
2. Color – White
3. Surface Burn Rating – Class A per ASTM E-84 Flame Spread of Less than 25
4. Surface Flame Spread Resistance – Self-Extinguishing

D. Subsurface: Bio/CR-9 was designed to be adhered to new gypsum wall and ceiling panels. It provides an impact and chemically resistant interior surface that is impervious to moisture. As part of the Bio/CR-9 wall and ceiling system, joints are sealed with a two-part urethane, resulting in a virtually seamless wall or ceiling.

F. It is recommended the gypsum substrate be finished to a minimum of a “Level 5” surface, before the Bio/CR-9 panel is installed.

2.3 CHEMICAL RESISTANCE AND PERFORMANCE

A. Panels should have use-case performance results for a wide variety of both gaseous and chemical sterilization agents, disinfectants and cleaning agents. Results demonstrated in minimum of at least ten facilities and for a minimum of five years.

B. The following list of chemicals were tested on glass-fiber reinforced polyester polymer panels, as on the face of LSP Bio/CR panels. Specimens were completely submerged in the reagents. The findings were observed and reported by an independent test agency.

- 1, Acetic Acid (0-60%) - Excellent
2. Citric Acid (5%) - Excellent
3. Nitric Acid (20%) - Good
4. Hydrochloric Acid (0-25%) - Excellent
5. Hydrofluoric Acid (10%) - Excellent
6. Hydrogen Peroxide (0-50%) - Excellent
7. Potassium Hydroxide (40%) - Good
8. Sodium Hydroxide (40%) - Good
9. Sulfuric Acid (10%) - Excellent
10. Urea – Good

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- C. Panels should have proven chemical resistance with use-case performance results in biological science labs, medical and pharmaceutical research facilities, and environments where a high degree of containment is required. The following list of “Brand Name”, or commonly used chemical agents, applied and removed per chemical agent manufacturer recommendations, should have no lasting degradation effects on the panels.
1. Beta-Dyne
 2. Spor-Klenz
 3. Peridox
 4. Decon-Clean
 5. VHP (Vaporized Hydrogen Peroxide)
 6. Quatricide
 7. Sodium Hypochlorite Alkaline
 8. Lysol (Phenolics)
 9. Clidox
 10. Denatured Alcohol
 11. Chlorine Bleach
 12. MB-10

2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Joint Sealant Compound
1. Two-Component Urethane supplied by the panel manufacturer.
 2. Compound color is a UV Resistant Bright White. Compound will have No VOC content and is Non-Flammable. Compound will have chemical resistance properties similar to manufacturer’s panels.
- B. Adhesive: Structural Acrylic Advanced Polymer adhesives should be used to mount panels to studs. Contact manufacturer for recommendations.
- C. Miscellaneous trim and face plates, seals, and grommets should be either white or stainless steel. If any of the above are not equipped with self-sealing gaskets, they are to be sealed with manufacturer’s joint sealant compound.

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PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine condition and quality of existing CMU or gypsum/cementitious board. Ensure they are plumb and smooth, free of dirt, grease or debris, and finished to a “Level 5” surface. Verify there is no obvious damage to any portions of the panel or gypsum face..
- B. Ensure the entire area is completely prepared for the panel installation. If any portion is deemed unsuitable for the proper installation of the panels, notify the Site Supervisor and the Architect.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Certified Installers
 - 1. Installation is only to be provided by either Life Science Products Installation Group, or contractors Certified by Life Science Products for wall and ceiling panel installations.
- B. Installation Instruction
 - 1. Contact the manufacturer for complete installation instructions.
 - 2. Contact Information: Life Science Products, Inc., 124 Speer Road, Chestertown, MD 21620, Phone: 800-638-9874. Email: info@lspinc.com
 - 3. Check the appropriate Architectural detail drawing(s) that apply and assure you follow intended clearances and termination details including elevations.
 - 4. Assure that the starting corner is true and plumb and if needed saw the corner of the starting panel to assure that the panel is installed plumb. It is critical that all panel edges are installed plumb and that the seam between panels is an even width.
 - 5. Locate all through wall penetrations and cut the new panel so that the penetrations fit in the appropriate location. Take any time necessary to assure that the measurements are correct and fit as tightly as possible.
 - 6. Spread adhesive on the entire back of the panel, edge to edge, to assure that the entire back of the panel has adhesive contact. We recommend an Advanced Polymer Adhesive, applied to the back of the panel with a 3/16” wide x 1/4” deep x 11/16” center to center (or 1/2” space) Flat-Top V trowel for this product.
 - 7. Once the panel is placed on the wall roll the face of the panel to compress it to the wall firmly and to assure there is even contact.

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8. Remove any adhesive or foreign materials from the panel surface before beginning the next panel. This is done to prevent foreign materials or adhesive from setting up on the panel face.
9. At some point during the installation but not until the installed panel is completely set, you can begin the joint sealing.
10. Be sure the joints are clean, smooth and free of any protrusions from saw blades or panel adhesive. Apply 3M fine line tape (we recommend using at least a 1” wide tape to the edge of the panel, the tape can be placed close to the edge of the panel without going past it.
11. Before striking the joints make sure the joints are cleaned, any leftover adhesion in the joints needs to be removed and the gap needs to be clear.
12. Fill each joint with Bio/Cr sealant and strike the joints using a caulking tool or a Credit card (plastic card/Hotel room key, etc.), try to do each joint in one strike starting from the top to the bottom keeping even pressure.
13. Consult all manufacturer’s Detail Drawings for the proper sealing of transition areas such as wall-to-ceiling, wall-to-wall (inside and outside corners), and wall-to-floor.

3.3 CLEANING

- A. Remove any excess sealant or adhesive from panel faces.
- B. Wipe panels down using a damp cloth and a mild soap or cleaning solution. Do not use any rough or sharp utensils that could scratch the panel surface.

END OF SECTION 06XXXX